Flow Sensor Series PFMV

Suction check of very small workpieces

This flow sensor enables precise suction.

Pressure sensor Flow sensor kPa ℓ/min (ANR) Before Before During suction suction suction 0.76 -60 -58 Before Before Flow rate difference suction Pressure difference suction Large Small Stable detection and Unstable detection due to less detection mistakes During pressure fluctuation suction 0 0 Vacuum release Vacuum release

(Comparison under Nozzle diameter: ø0.3, Vacuum pressure: -60 kPa)

SMC

Repeatability: ±2% F.S. or less

The taper-shaped flow passage in front of the sensor chip enables stable sensing.



Madal		Rated flow range (<i>t</i> /min (ANR))								
	Model		-2	-1	-0.5	Ŏ	0.5	1	2	3
	505		1							
	510									
DEMV	530									
	505F									
	510F									
	530F									

- Response speed: 5 ms or less
- Proof pressure: 500 kPa
- Grease-free
- RoHS compliant

Sensor Series PFMV5

Flexible cable

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		5

Voltage Monitor Series PFMV3 PFM

PFMV

PF2A

PF2W

PF2D

IF



Easier check of the work

piece presence

· Workpiece presence is easily checked by flow-rate change.



Sensors can be mounted

Sensors can be mounted

as a manifold.

near pads.

Mountings



Panel mount

Bracket mount



Support for vertical and horizontal secure mounting

- A single panel opening is sufficient.
- Reduces panel fitting work and enables space-savings.





PFM
PFMV
PF2A
PF2W
PF2D
IF

Series PFMV Model Selection

Nozzle Diameter and Flow Characteristics (Approximate values)

Use the following graphs as a reference to select sensor measuring range.



P1: Atmospheric pressure



Nozzle Diameter – Flow Characteristics (Vacuum)





Nozzle Diameter – Flow Characteristics (Positive pressure)



Example (Positive pressure)



Note) Since the calculated value may not meet the approximate value due to leakage and pressure loss in the piping system, please check the result by using actual equipment.

Flow Sensor Series PFMV5



Option/Part No.

If a single option or manifold mounting are required, order sensors with the part numbers below separately.

Part no.	Stations	Remarks
ZS-36-A1	For 1 station (for single unit)	2 L-type brackets, 2 mounting screws M3 x 15L
ZS-36-A2	For 2 stations	2 L-type brackets, 2 mounting screws M3 x 25L
ZS-36-A3	For 3 stations	2 L-type brackets, 2 mounting screws M3 x 35L
ZS-36-A4	For 4 stations	2 L-type brackets, 2 mounting screws M3 x 45L
ZS-36-A5	For 5 stations	2 L-type brackets, 2 mounting screws M3 x 55L

- /

PFM

PFMV

PF2A

PF2W

PF2D

IF

CE

Series **PFMV5**

Specifications

	Model	PFMV505	PFMV510	PFMV530	PFMV505F	PFMV510F	PFMV530F
Applicable f	luid	Dry air, N₂ (JIS B 8392-1 1.1.2 to 1.6.2: 2003)					
Rated flow range (Flow rate range)		0 to 0.5 ℓ/min	0 to 1 ℓ/min	0 to 3 ℓ/min	−0.5 to 0.5 ℓ/min ^{Note 2)}	–1 to 1 ℓ/min ^{Note 2)}	-3 to 3 ℓ/min ^{Note 2)}
Repeatabilit	у			±2	F.S. or less Note 3)		
Pressure ch (Based on 0	aracteristics kPa ^{Note 4)})			±2% F.S. or les ±5% F.S. or les	s (0 to 300 kPa) s (–70 to 0 kPa)		
Temperature (Based on 2	e characteristics 5°C)			±2% F.S. or les ±5% F.S. or les	s (15 to 35°C) s (0 to 50°C)		
Rated press	ure range Note 5)			–70 kPa	to 300 kPa		
Operating p	ressure range Note 6)			-100 kPa	to 400 kPa		
Proof press	ure	500 kPa					
Analog outp	ut (Non-linear output)	Voltage output: 1 to 5 V, Output impedance: Approx. 1 k Ω					
Response ti	me	5 ms or less (90% response)					
Power supply voltage		12 to 24 VDC \pm 10%, Ripple (p-p) \pm 10% or less (with polarity protection)					
Current con	sumption			16 mA	or less		
	Enclosure	IP40					
	Fluid temperature	0 to 50°C (with no freezing and condensation)					
	Operating temperature range	0 to 50°C (with no freezing and condensation)					
	Stored temperature range	-10 to 60°C (with no freezing and condensation)					
	Operating humidity range	35 to 85% R.H. (with no condensation)					
Environ-	Stored humidity range	35 to 85% R.H. (with no condensation)					
resistance	Withstand voltage	1000 VAC for 1 min. between whole charging part and case					
	Insulation resistance	50 M Ω or more (500 VDC Mega) between whole charging part and case					se
	Vibration resistance	10 to 150 Hz wit	h a 1.5 mm ampli	tude, max. 98 m/s	² , in each X, Y, Z	direction for 2 hrs	(De-energized)
	Impact resistance		980 m/s² in	X, Y, Z directions	3 times each (De	e-energized)	
	Port size		M5 :	x 0.8 (Tightening	torque: 1 to 1.5 N	l∙m)	
	Wetted parts material		PPS, Si, Au, Stainless steel 316, C3604 (Electroless nickel plated)				
Lead wire			Vinyl c	abtire cord, 3 cor	es ø2.6, 0.15 mm	1², 2 m	
Mass		10 g (excluding lead wire)					

Note 1) Volume flow converted value under standard conditions (ANR) of 20°C, 101.3 kPa and 65% RH Note 2) Analog output indicates 3 V when the flow rate is 0. When the flow direction is from IN to OUT, the output is changed to 5 V, and when it's from OUT to IN, the output is changed to 1 V.

Note 3) The unit % F.S. is based on the full scale of analog 4 V (1-5 V).

Note 4) 0 kPa indicates the atmospheric release.

Note 5) Pressure range that satisfies the product specifications

Note 6) Applicable pressure range

Internal Circuits and Wiring Examples



Lead Wire	Specifications			
Rated temperature		80°C		
Rated voltage		1000 V		
Number of wires		3		
	Material	Copper alloy wire		
Conductor	Construction	7/11/0.05 mm		
	External diameter	0.58 mm		
	Material	Cross-linked vinyl chloride (XL-PVC)		
Inculator	External diameter	0.88 mm		
Insulator	Standard thickness	0.15 mm		
	Colors	Brown, Blue, Black		
	Material	Oil-resistant/Heat resistant vinyl		
Sheath	Standard thickness	0.35 mm		
	Color	Light gray (Munsell N7 equivalent)		
Finished external diameter		2 6 ^{+0.1}		



Recommended Pneumatic Circuits





Recommended Fittings

One-touch Fitting/Series KQ2

Туре	Tubing O.D. (mm)	Port size	Model
Male connector	4		KQ2H04-M5
Hex. socket head male connector		M5 x 0.8	KQ2S04-M5
Male elbow			KQ2L04-M5

Miniature Fitting/Series M

Туре	Tubing O.D. (mm)	Port size	Model
Dark fitting for pulse tuke	4		M-5AN-4
	6	8.0 X CIVI	M-5AN-6

One-touch Mini/Series KJ

Туре	Tubing O.D. (mm)	Port size	Model
Male connector			KJH04-M5
Hex. socket head male connector	4	M5 x 0.8	KJS04-M5
Male elbow			KJL04-M5

Internal Construction



No.	Description	Material			
1	Fitting for piping	COCO1 (Flastralass risks) risted)			
2	Mesh holding screw	C3604 (Electroless nickel plated)			
3	Mesh	Stainless steel 316			
4	Body	PPS			
5	Print circuit board	GE4F			
6	Sensor chip	Si, Au			

Detection Principle

This MEMS sensor chip consists of upstream temperature measuring sensor (Ru) and downstream temperature measuring sensor (Rd), which are placed symmetrically from the center of a platinum thin film coated heater (Rh) mounted on a membrane, and an ambient temperature sensor (Ra) for measuring gas temperature.

The principle is as shown in the diagram on the right. (a) When the gas is static, the temperature distribution of heated gas centered around Rh is uniform, and Ru and Rd have the same resistance. (b) When the gas flows from the left side, it upsets the balance of the temperature distribution of heated gas, and the resistance of Rd becomes greater than that of Ru.

The difference in resistance between Ru and Rd is proportional to the gas velocity, so measurement and analysis of the resistance can show the flow direction and velocity of the gas. Ra is used to compensate the gas and/or ambient temperature.



Series **PFMV5**

Analog Output (Non-linear output)



Pressure Loss

PFMV505(F)-1



PFMV510(F)-1



PFMV530(F)-1





Flow Sensor Series PFMV5



One-side bracket

Both-side bracket



The dimensions show the PFMV5□□-1. The PFMV5□□F-1 has the same dimensions.

Voltage Monitor for PFMV5 Series PFMV3

((

(M3 x 8 *e*)

Panel mount adapter

Note) Options are shipped together, but not assembled.



 Power supply / Output connector (2 m)
 ZS-28-A

 Bracket
 ZS-28-B
 With M3 x 5 ℓ (2 pcs.)

 Sensor connector
 ZS-28-C
 1 pc.

 Panel mount adapter
 ZS-27-C
 With M3 x 8 ℓ (2 pcs.)

 Panel mount adapter + Front protective cover
 ZS-27-D
 With M3 x 8 ℓ (2 pcs.)

Specifications

Model	Series PFMV3□□
Applicable sensor	Series PFMV505(F), PFMV510(F), PFMV530(F)
Displayable range	0.70 to 5.10 V: The voltage under 0.7 V is displayed as "LLL" and that of 5.1 V or more is displayed as "HHH".
Settable range	0.70 to 5.10 V
Minimum unit setting	0.01 V
Indication unit	V
Power supply voltage	12 to 24 VDC (Ripple \pm 10% or less) (with polarity protection)
Current consumption	50 mA or less
Hysteresis Note 1)	Hysteresis mode: Variable, Window comparator mode: Variable
Switch output	NPN or PNP open collector output: 2 outputs Max. load current: 80 mA, Max. load voltage 30 VDC (at NPN output), Residual voltage 1 V or less (at load current 80 mA), With short-circuit protection
Response time	Switch output: 2 ms (10 ms, 50 ms, 0.5 s, 1 s can be selected.) Note 2)
Repeatability	$\pm 0.1\%$ F.S. or less, , Analog output accuracy: $\pm 0.3\%$ F.S. or less
Analog output	Voltage output: 1 to 5 VDC, Output impedance: Approx. 1 kΩ Current output: 4 to 20 mADC, Max. load impedance: 600 Ω (at 24 VDC) Min. load impedance: 50 Ω, Accuracy: ±1% F.S. or less (relative to display value), Response: 0.1 s (90% response or less)
Display accuracy	$\pm 0.5\%$ F.S. \pm 1 digit or less
Display method	3+1/2-digit, 7-segment LED 2-color display (Red/Green) Updated cycle: 10 times/sec
Status LEDs	OUT1: Illuminates when output is turned ON (Green). OUT2: Illuminates when output is turned ON (Red).
External input (Auto-shift input) Note 3)	No-voltage input (Reed or Solid state), LOW level input 5 msec or more, LOW level 0.4 V or less
Enclosure	IP40
Operating temperature range	Operating: 0 to 50°C Stored: -10 to 60°C (with no freezing and condensation)
Operating humidity range	Operating, Stored: 35 to 85% R.H. (with no condensation)
Withstand voltage	1000 VAC for 1 min. between whole charging part and live part
Insulation resistance	50 M Ω or more (500 VDC Mega) between whole charging part and live part
Vibration resistance	10 to 150 Hz with a 1.5 mm amplitude or 98 m/s ² acceleration, in each X, Y, Z direction for 2 hrs, whichever is smaller (de-energized)
Impact resistance	100 m/s ² in X, Y, Z directions 3 times each (De-energized)
Temperature characteristics	$\pm 0.5\%$ F.S. or less (Based on 25°C)
Connection	Power supply / Output connection: 5P connector, Sensor connection: 4P connector (For cable specifications, refer to page 961.)
Material	Front case, Rear case: PBT
Mass	30 g (without cable) 85 g (with cable)

Note 1) Set to hysteresis mode at the time of shipment from the factory. Can be changed to window comparator mode using push-buttons.

Note 2) This is the response when the setting value is set to 90% to a 0 to 100% of step input. Note 3) Auto-shift function is turned OFF at the time of shipment from the factory. Use it after auto-shift function is turned ON using push-buttons.

Analog Output



Series **PFMV3**

Internal Circuits

PFMV300

NPN open collector output: 2 outputs Max. 30 V, 80 mA, residual voltage 1 V or less Analog output: 1 to 5 V Output impedance: Approx. 1 k Ω



PFMV301

NPN open collector output: 2 outputs Max. 30 V, 80 mA, residual voltage 1 V or less Analog output: 4 to 20 mA Max. load impedance: 300 Ω (at 12 VDC) 600 Ω (at 24 VDC) Min. load impedance: 50 Ω



PFMV302

NPN open collector output with auto-shift input: 2 outputs Max. 30 V, 80 mA, residual voltage 1 V or less



PFMV303

PNP open collector output: 2 outputs Max. 80 mA, residual voltage 1 V or less Analog output: 1 to 5 V Output impedance: Approx. 1 k Ω



PFMV304

PNP open collector output: 2 outputs Max. 80 mA, residual voltage 1 V or less Analog output: 4 to 20 mA Max. load impedance: 300 Ω (at 12 VDC) 600 Ω (at 24 VDC) Min. load impedance: 50 Ω



PFMV305

PNP open collector output with auto-shift input: 2 outputs Max. 80 mA, residual voltage 1 V or less



Descriptions

LCD Display

Shows the current voltage, mode setting, and error code. Four display modes are available, some of which use indications that are fixed either red or green, and others use indications that change from green to red.

Output (OUT1) Indicator (Green)

Lights when the output (OUT1) is turned on.

\triangle Button

Used for mode selection and increasing the ON/OFF setting value. Also used to switch to peak display mode.



Output (OUT2) Indicator (Red)

Lights when the output (OUT2) is turned on.

SET Button

Used to activate mode changes and new setting values.

∇ Button

Used for mode selection and decreasing the ON/OFF setting value. Also used to switch to bottom display mode.

PFM
PFMV
PF2A
PF2W
PF2D
IF

Series **PFMV3**

Dimensions



Sensor connector (ZS-28-C)

Pin no.	Terminal name	
1	DC (+)	
2	N.C.	
3	DC (-)	3 3
4	IN	
•		·

* 1 to 5 V (Sensor output)

With bracket







With panel mount adapter



With panel mount adapter + Front protective cover





Dimensions

Panel fitting dimensions



Secure mounting of n pcs. (2 or more) switches (Horizontal)

Secure mounting of n pcs. (2 or more) switches (Vertical)



Note) If a bend (R) is used, limit it to R2 or less.

Power supply / Output connector (ZS-28-A)



Cable Specifications

Cable	specifications	
Rated temperature		105°C
Rated voltage		300 V
Number of wires		5
	Nominal cross section area	0.2 mm ²
Con-	Material	Soft copper wire
ductor	Construction	40 pcs. / 0.08 mm
	External diameter	0.58 mm
Insula- tor	Material	Cross-linked vinyl chloride resin compound
	External diameter	Approx. 1.12 mm
	Standard thickness	0.27 mm
	Colors	Brown, Black, White, Gray, Blue
Sheath	Material	Oil-resistant vinyl chloride resin compound
	Standard thickness	0.5 mm
	Color	Light gray (Munsell N7)
Finished external diameter		ø4.1

PFM

PFMV

PF2A

PF2W

PF2D

IF

Series PFMV3 Function Details

Output operation

The output operation can be selected from the following: Output (hysteresis mode and window comparator mode) corresponding to receiving voltage

At the time of shipment from the factory, it is set to hysteresis mode and reverse output.

Displayed values

The monitor receives the output voltage of the connected sensor and displays the received voltage. The unit is [V] and the voltage is displayed at 0.01 V intervals.

However, the voltage under 0.70 V is displayed as "LLL" and that of 5.1 V or more is displayed as "HHH".

Since the voltage is displayed on the monitor, it doesn't rely on the sensor range.

Indication color

The indication color can be selected for each output condition. The selection of the indication color provides visual identification of abnormal values. (The indication color depends on OUT1 setting.)

Green for ON, Red for OFF	
Red for ON, Green for OFF	
Red all the time	
Green all the time	

Setting of response time

The flow rate may change momentarily during transition between ON (open) and OFF (closed) of the valve. It can be set so that this momentary change is not detected.

2 ms 10 ms 50 ms 0.5 s 1 s

Auto-shift function

If the supply pressure of the air source fluctuates, the flow rate of vacuum generators such as an ejector also fluctuates. In that case, the switch may not operate properly when checking absorption. Auto-shift is a function that corrects this fluctuation.

This function sends the output corresponding to the relative change based on the flow rate when the auto shift signal is input. Set value = 0.50: The switch turns ON and OFF when the set value increases by 0.5 V from the reference value.

Set value = -0.50: The switch turns ON and OFF when the set value decreases by 0.5 V from the reference value.

The reference value shows the voltage (= flow rate) when the auto-shift signal is input.





Auto-preset function

This is a function that calculates the set value automatically. When predetermined operation is conducted while the sensor is connected, the set value is calculated and decided automatically by changing the flow rate. (Fine adjustment is available.)

Selection of power-saving mode

The power-saving mode can be selected.

With this function, if no buttons are pressed for 30 sec., it shifts to power-saving mode.

At the time of shipment from the factory, the product is set to the normal mode (the power-saving mode is turned off).

(When power-saving mode is activated, the decimal point flashes.)

Setting of secret code

The user can select whether a secret code must be entered to release key lock.

At the time of shipment from the factory, it is set such that the secret code is not required.

Peak/Bottom value indication

The maximum (minimum) voltage is detected and updated from when the power supply is turned on. In peak (bottom) value indication mode, this maximum (minimum) voltage is displayed.

Keylock function

Prevents operation errors such as accidentally changing setting values.

Error indication function

When an error or abnormality arises, the location and contents are displayed.

Description	Contents	Action
Input voltage error	The voltage outside the applicable indication range is input.	Check the input voltage.
System error	Possibility of internal cir- cuit damage before fac- tory adjustment.	Stop operation imme- diately and contact SMC.
	System error. Possibility of data memorizing fail- ure or internal circuit damage.	Reset the unit, and carry out all settings again.

If the error or abnormality cannot be solved by the action above, please contact SMC for further investigation.

Reference value correcting function

If the displayed value doesn't become 1.00 due to the difference of the analog output of the connected sensors PFMV505, 510 and 530, the reference value will compulsively be set to 1.00.

When sensors PFMV505F, 510F and 530F are connected, the reference value will compulsively be set to 3.00.

Press the \triangle and $\overline{\nabla}$ buttons simultaneously for 1 second or more when the flow rate is zero (The display flashes when successfully corrected).

The effective range of the correcting function is from 1.00 ± 0.2 V or 3.00 ± 0.2 V. If the monitor is operated outside this range, it displays "Er4" and the reference value won't be corrected. Be sure to operate the monitor when the flow rate is zero.

When the PFM505 is used and the flow rate is applied, please pay attention to the following point. If this correcting function is applied around 3.00 V, the reference value will be changed and the function won't work properly. If the monitor is improperly operated, return the flow rate to zero and operate the monitor again.



Be sure to read before handling. Refer to front matters 58 and 59 for Safety Instructions and pages 892 to 896 for Flow Switch Precautions.

Flow Sensor

Design and Selection

M Warning

1. Operate the sensor only within the specified voltage.

Use of the sensor outside of the specified voltage range can cause not only a malfunction and damage to the sensor, but it can also cause electrocution and fire.

2. Be sure to verify the applicable fluid.

The sensors do not have an explosion proof rating. To prevent possible fire hazard, do not use with flammable gases.

3. Use the sensor within the specified flow rate measurement and operating pressure.

Operating beyond the specified flow rate and operating pressure can damage the sensor.

4. Never use flammable fluids and/or permeable fluids. They may cause a fire, an explosion or corrosion.

* Refer to the MSDS (Material Safety Data Sheet) when using chemicals.

5. Be sure to use the sensor within the specified ambient and fluid temperatures.

If the ambient or fluid temperatures exceed the specified range, it may damage the sensor.

Even if they are in the specified range, do not use it in a place where condensation occurs in the piping.

- 6. To prevent damage due to failure and/or malfunction of the product, establish a backup system such as a fail-safe system which enables multiple-stage type operation of the equipment and machinery.
- 7. When the product is for an interlock circuit, the following points should be noted.
 - Provide double interlocking through another system (mechanical protection function, etc.).
 - Perform checks to ensure the product is operating properly, as there is a risk of injury.

Caution

1. Ensure sufficient space for maintenance activities. Provide space required for maintenance.

2. The direct-current power supply to combine should be UL authorized power supply.

- Limited voltage current circuit in accordance with UL 508. A circuit in which power is supplied by the secondary coil of a transformer that meets the following conditions.
 - Maximum voltage (with no load):
 - 30 Vrms (42.4 V peak) or less
 - Maximum current:
 - (1) 8 A or less (including when short circuited)
 - (2) limited by circuit protector (such as fuse) with the following ratings.

No load voltage (V peak)	Max. current rating
0 to 20 [V]	5.0
	100
	Peak voltage

(2) A circuit using max. 30 Vrms or less (42.4 V peak), which is powered by UL1310 or UL1585 compatible Class-2 power supply.

A Caution

3. When the sensor is used for suction check

When the sensor is used to check the suction, select the flow rate range based on the operating vacuum pressure and suction nozzle diameter.

Refer to page 950, "Nozzle Diameter and Flow Characteristics."

- 4. Pay attention to the response speed. When the sensor is used to check the suction, the response speed of the sensor might be delayed due to the piping volume between the suction nozzle and sensor. Therefore, take measures to reduce the piping volume.
- 5. The analog output may fluctuate by 2 to 3% for 5 minutes after the power is supplied.

Mounting

▲ Caution

- Monitor the flow direction of the fluid. Install and connect piping so that fluid flows in the direction of the arrow indicated on the body.
- 2. Remove dirt and dust from inside of the piping before attaching to the sensor.
- 3. Observe the proper tightening torque.

When the sensor is tightened beyond the specified tightening torque, the sensor may be damaged.

Tightening torque for mounting part (Direct mount, Bracket mount): 0.32 ± 0.02 N·m

- Tightening torque for fitting part: 1 to $1.5 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$
- 4. Do not mount the sensor in a place that will be used as a scaffold.

The sensor could break if subjected to excessive load such as being accidentally stepped on.

5. Do not drop or bump.

Do not drop, bump, or apply excessive impacts while handling. Although the external body of a sensor (sensor case) may not be damaged, the sensor inside could be damaged and cause a malfunction.

6. Hold the body of the sensor when handling.

The tensile strength of the cord is 49 N and applying a greater pulling force than this can cause a malfunction. When handling, hold the body of the sensor.

7. Do not use until you can verify that equipment can operate properly.

Following mounting, repair, or retrofit, verify correct mounting by conducting suitable function and leakage tests after piping and power connections have been made.

PFM PFMV PF2A PF2W PF2D



Be sure to read before handling. Refer to front matters 58 and 59 for Safety Instructions and pages 892 to 896 for Flow Switch Precautions.

Mounting

A Caution

8. Apply a wrench only to the designated part when installing the flow sensor in the system piping.



9. When sensors are mounted as a manifold, pay attention to the dimensions of the connected fittings.

If the dimensions of the fittings are larger than those of sensors, they will be interfered with each other and the sensors cannot be mounted properly.

Wiring

\land Warning

1. Verify the color and the terminal number when wiring.

Incorrect wiring can cause the sensor to be damaged and malfunction. Verify the color and the terminal number in the instruction manual when wiring.

2. Use caution not to repeatedly apply excessive bending or stretching forces to the lead wire.

Repeated pulling or bending of the lead wire may cause some of the wires to break.

3. Confirm proper insulation of wiring.

Make sure that there is no faulty wiring insulation (contact with other circuits, ground fault, improper insulation between terminals, etc.). Damage may occur due to excess current flow into a sensor.

Do not connect wiring while energizing the product.

The sensor and any equipment connected to it could break and malfunction.

Operating Environment

M Warning

- 1. Never use in the presence of explosive gases. The sensor does not have an explosion proof construction. If it is used in an environment where explosive gases are used, it may cause an explosive disaster. Therefore, never use it in such an environment.
- 2. Mount the sensor in a location where there is no vibration or no impact.

The sensor output may change because the sensor and connecting piping move.

3. Fix the sensor and connecting piping.

The sensor output may change because the sensor and connected piping move.

4. Do not use in an area where surges are generated.

When there are units that generate a large amount of surge in the area around a sensor, (e.g., solenoid type lifters, high frequency induction furnaces, motors, etc.) this may cause deterioration or damage to the sensor's internal circuitry. Avoid sources of surge generation and crossed lines.

5. Sensors are not equipped with surge protection against lightning.

The flow sensors are CE compliant; however, they are not equipped with surge protection against lightning. Lightning surge protection measures should be applied directly to system components as necessary.

6. Avoid using the sensor in an environment where the likelihood of splashing or spraying of liquids exists.

The sensor is an open type and should not be used in an environment exposed to splashing of water and oil.

7. Do not use the product in an environment subject to a temperature cycle.

If the product is subject to a temperature cycle other than natural changes in air temperature, the internal components of the sensor could be adversely affected.

8. Do not mount the product in locations where it is exposed to radiant heat.

This could result in damage and/or malfunction.



Be sure to read before handling. Refer to front matters 58 and 59 for Safety Instructions and pages 892 to 896 for Flow Switch Precautions.

Maintenance

M Warning

1. Perform periodical inspections to ensure proper operation of the sensor.

Unexpected malfunctions may cause possible danger.

2. Take precautions when using the sensor for an interlock circuit.

When a sensor is used for the interlock circuit, devise a multiple interlock system to prevent trouble or malfunction, and verify the operation of the sensor and interlock function on a regular basis.

3. Do not make any modifications (including exchanging the printed circuit boards) to the product.

It may cause human injuries and damage.

- 4. When maintenance work is performed, the following points should be noted.
 - Turn off the power supply.
 - Cut off the fluid supply, drain the fluid from the piping and ensure the fluid is released to atmosphere before carrying out maintenance. Otherwise, it could cause injury.

ACaution

1. Do not wipe the product with chemicals such as benzene or thinner.

Such chemicals could damage the product.

2. Do not poke the inside of the piping port with a stick.

The rectifier could break, making the product unable to sustain the desired performance.

3. Do not touch terminals when energizing the product.

It could cause electric shock, malfunction, or damage to the sensor.

Fluid

M Warning

1. Check regulators and flow adjustment valves before introducing the fluid.

If pressure or flow rate beyond the specified range are applied to the sensor, the sensor unit may be damaged.

- 2. Install a filter on the inlet side when there is a possibility of foreign matter being mixed with the fluid.
- 3. Use dry air of quality compliant with JIS B 8392-1 1.1.2 to 1.6.2: 2003, ISO8573-1 1.1.2 to 1.6.2: 2001 for this product.

If any mist or drainage present in the air attaches to the product, the sensor could be damaged or accurate measurement could be prevented.

PFM
PFMV
PF2A
PF2W
PF2D
IF



Be sure to read before handling. Refer to front matters 58 and 59 for Safety Instructions and pages 892 to 896 for Flow Switch Precautions.

Rated Flow Range

ACaution

Set the flow rate within the rated flow range.

The rated flow range is the range that satisfies the sensor specifications.

Sanaar			Rated flow ra	ange	
Sensor	–3 ℓ/min	−1 ℓ/min –	0.5 <i>e</i> /min 0 <i>e</i> /min	0.5 <i>e</i> /min 1 <i>e</i> /min	n 3 <i>u</i> /min
PFMV505					
PFMV510					
PFMV530					
PFMV505F					
PFMV510F					
PFMV530F					



Be sure to read before handling. Refer to front matters 58 and 59 for Safety Instructions and pages 892 to 896 for Flow Switch Precautions.

Flow Monitor

Design and Selection

\land Warning

1. Operate the switch only within the specified voltage.

Use of the switch outside of the specified voltage range can cause not only a malfunction and damage to the switch, but it can also cause electrocution and fire.

2. Do not exceed the maximum allowable load specification.

A load exceeding the maximum load specification can cause damage to the switch.

3. Do not use a load that generates surge voltage.

Although surge protection is installed in the circuit at the output side of the switch, damage may still occur if a surge is applied repeatedly. When working directly such an unit as relay, solenoid valve, etc., which generates surge, use a built-in surge absorbing element type.

4. Monitor the internal voltage drop of a switch.

When operating below the specified voltage, it is possible that a load may be ineffective, even though the pressure switch function is normal. Therefore, the formula below should be satisfied after confirming the voltage of the load.

Supply _	Internal voltage drop of switch	>	Minimum operating
vollage	arop or switch		vollage of load

- 5. To prevent damage due to failure and/or malfunction of the product, establish a backup system such as a fail-safe system which enables multiple-stage type operation of the equipment and machinery.
- 6. When the product is for an interlock circuit, the following points should be noted.
 - Provide double interlocking through another system (mechanical protection function, etc.).
 - Perform checks to ensure the product is operating properly, as there is a risk of injury.

ACaution

- **1. Ensure sufficient space for maintenance activities.** Provide space required for maintenance.
- 2. The direct-current power supply to combine should be UL authorized power supply.
 - Limited voltage current circuit in accordance with UL 508. A circuit in which power is supplied by the secondary coil of a transformer that meets the following conditions.
 - Maximum voltage (with no load):
 - 30 Vrms (42.4 V peak) or less
 - Maximum current:
 - (1) 8 A or less (including when short circuited)

(2) limited by circuit protector (such as fuse) with the following ratings.

No load voltage (V peak)	Max. current rating
0 to 20 [V]	5.0
Above 20 to 30 [V]	100
	Peak voltage

SMO

(2) A circuit using max. 30 Vrms or less (42.4 V peak), which is powered by UL1310 compatible Class-2 power supply or UL 1585 compatible Class-2 transformer (Class-2 circuit).

A Caution

3. Data of the switch are stored even after the power supply is turned off.

Input data is stored in an EEPROM so that the data will not be lost after the flow switch is turned off. (The data can be rewritten for up to one million times, and stored for up to 20 years.)

Mounting

M Warning

1. Do not drop or bump.

Do not drop, bump, or apply excessive impacts (490 m/s²) while handling. Although the external body of a switch (switch case) may not be damaged, the switch inside could be damaged and cause a malfunction.

2. Do not use until you can verify that equipment can operate properly.

Following mounting, repair, or retrofit, verify correct mounting by conducting suitable function and leakage tests after piping and power connections have been made.

3. Never mount the switch in a place that will be used as a scaffold during piping.

A Caution

1. Do not mount the switch in a place that will be used as a scaffold.

Wiring

The switch could break if subjected to excessive load such as being accidentally stepped on.

PF2A PF2W

PFM

PFMV

A Warning

1. Verify the color and the terminal number PF2D when wiring.

Incorrect wiring can cause the switch to be damaged and malfunction. Verify the color and the terminal number in the instruction manual when wiring.

2. Use caution not to repeatedly apply bending or stretching forces to the lead wire.

Repeated pulling or bending of the lead wire may cause some of the wires to break.

3. Confirm proper insulation of wiring.

Make sure that there is no faulty wiring insulation (contact with other circuits, ground fault, improper insulation between terminals, etc.). Damage may occur due to excess current flow into a switch.

4. Do not wire in conjunction with power lines or high voltage lines.

Wire separately from power lines and high voltage lines, and avoid wiring in the same conduit with these lines. Control circuits, including switches, may malfunction due to noise from these lines.



Be sure to read before handling. Refer to front matters 58 and 59 for Safety Instructions and pages 892 to 896 for Flow Switch Precautions.

Wiring

M Warning

5. Do not short-circuit a load.

Although the switch displays an overcurrent error if a load is short-circuited, there is not protection against incorrect wiring (power source polarity, etc.). Use caution to avoid wiring incorrectly.

6. Do not connect wiring while energizing the product.

The switch and any equipment connected to it could break and malfunction.

Operating Environment

M Warning

1. Never use in the presence of explosive gases.

The switch does not have an explosion proof construction. If it is used in an environment where explosive gases are used, it may cause an explosive disaster. Therefore, never use it in such an environment.

- 2. Mount the switch in a location where there is no vibration greater than 98 m/s², or no impact greater than 490 m/s².
- 3. Do not use in an area where surges are generated.

When there are units that generate a large amount of surge in the area around a pressure switch, (e.g., solenoid type lifters, high frequency induction furnaces, motors, etc.) this may cause deterioration or damage to the switch's internal circuitry. Avoid sources of surge generation and crossed lines.

4. Switches are not equipped with surge protection against lightning.

The flow switches are CE compliant; however, they are not equipped with surge protection against lightning. Lightning surge protection measures should be applied directly to system components as necessary.

5. Avoid using the switch in an environment where the likelihood of splashing or spraying of liquids exists.

The switch is an open type and should not be used in an environment exposed to splashing of water and oil.

6. Do not use the product in an environment subject to a temperature cycle.

If the product is subject to a temperature cycle other than natural changes in air temperature, the internal components of the switch could be adversely affected.

7. Do not mount the product in locations where it is exposed to radiant heat.

This could result in damage and/or malfunction.

Maintenance

\land Warning

1. Perform periodical inspections to ensure proper operation of the switch.

Unexpected malfunctions may cause possible danger.

2. Take precautions when using the switch for an interlock circuit.

When a pressure switch is used for the interlock circuit, devise a multiple interlock system to prevent trouble or malfunction, and verify the operation of the switch and interlock function on a regular basis.

3. Do not make any modifications (including exchanging the printed circuit boards) to the product.

It may cause human injuries and damage.

- 4. When maintenance work is performed, the following points should be noted.
 - Turn off the power supply.

A Caution

1. Do not wipe the product with chemicals such as benzene or thinner.

Such chemicals could damage the product.

2. Do not touch terminals or connectors when energizing the product.

It could cause electric shock, malfunction, or damage to the switch.

Others

Warning

- 1. After the power is turned on, the switch's output remains off while a message is displayed. Therefore, start the measurement after a value is displayed.
- 2. Perform settings after stopping control systems.

Operation reflects the new values when settings are made. However, if the power is turned OFF in that state, the settings return to the values before the change when the power is turned ON again. Make sure to press the S button to save any setting changes before turning OFF the power.



Be sure to read before handling. Refer to front matters 58 and 59 for Safety Instructions and pages 892 to 896 for Flow Switch Precautions.

Settable Range and Voltage Input Range

A Caution

The settable rate range is the range that can be set in the switch. The inputtable range is the range that satisfies the switch specifications (accuracy, linearity, etc.). It is possible to set a value outside of the inputtable range if it is within the settable range, however, the specification is not guaranteed.



PFM
PFMV
PF2A
PF2W
PF2D
IF